

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI  
SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

CREATIVE COMPOUNDS, LLC, )  
                                  )  
Plaintiff,                    )  
                                  )  
vs.                            )                            Case No. 1:10CV25 SNLJ  
                                  )  
                                  )  
LOTT & FRIEDLAND, P.A.,    )  
                                  )  
Defendant.                    )

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**

This matter is before the Court on review of the file. The Eighth Circuit has admonished district courts to “be attentive to a satisfaction of jurisdictional requirements in all cases.”

*Sanders v. Clemco Indus.*, 823 F.2d 214, 216 (8th Cir. 1987).

Plaintiff initially filed suit in the Circuit Court of Scott County, Missouri, alleging that defendant Lott & Friedland, P.A. (“L&F”) acted negligently and breached its fiduciary duties to plaintiff by failing to timely file a patent application for plaintiff’s shaker cup invention. The defendant removed the action to this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441, and 1446.

L&F, as the party invoking jurisdiction, bears the burden of proving that all prerequisites to jurisdiction are satisfied. *See In re Business Men’s Assur. Co. of America*, 992 F.2d 181, 183 (8th Cir. 1993).

Although no party has contested Diversity Jurisdiction in this case, “[i]n every federal case the court must be satisfied that it has jurisdiction before it turns to the merits of other legal arguments.” *Carlson v. Arrowhead Concrete Works, Inc.*, 445 F.3d 1046, 1050 (8th Cir. 2006).

Statutes conferring diversity jurisdiction are to be strictly construed. *Sheeran v. Gustafson*, 967 F.2d 1214, 1215 (8th Cir. 1992). There must be allegations of each party’s place of citizenship,

including allegations of any corporate party's state of incorporation and principal place of business. 28 U.S.C. §§1332(a), (c)(1); *see Sanders*, 823 F.2d at 215 n.1. For limited liability companies such as Creative Compounds, the Court must examine the citizenship of each member of the limited liability company for purposes of diversity jurisdiction. *GMAC Commercial Credit, LLC v. Dillard Dep't Stores, Inc.*, 357 F.3d 827, 829 (8th Cir. 2004). Diversity must exist both when the state petition is filed and when the petition for removal is filed. *Ryan v. Schneider Nat'l Carriers, Inc.*, 263 F.3d 816, 819 (8th Cir. 2001) (citing 28 U.S.C. § 1447(e)). Defendant's removal notice is procedurally defective because it does not allege sufficient facts to establish the Court's jurisdiction over this matter. With respect to the parties' citizenship, plaintiff alleges in its petition that it is a Nevada limited liability company, but it does not identify its members or allege the state(s) of which each of its members is a citizen. The defendant's Notice of Removal does not provide that information, either.

The Court will grant defendant fourteen days in which to allege facts showing the existence of the requisite diversity of citizenship of the parties. Consistent with 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), which requires that the notice of removal contain a "short and plain statement" of the grounds for removal and be signed pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, this Order requires only allegations of the requisite jurisdictional facts. Plaintiff will have the opportunity to respond. Defendant's failure to timely and fully comply with this Order will result in the remand of this case for lack of subject matter.

Accordingly,

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that, by September 24, 2010, defendant L&F shall file a Response to the Court which shall allege facts establishing the state(s) of which each of the

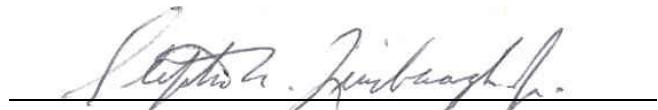
plaintiff's members is a citizen, including the principal place of business for corporate members, both at the time of filing and the time of removal.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the plaintiff shall have until September 24, 2010 to file any response.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that if defendant does not timely and fully comply with this order, this matter will be remanded to the state court from which it was removed, for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that all other proceedings in this case are **STAYED** pending further order of this Court.

Dated this 10th day of September, 2010.



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Stephen H. Kimball, Jr.  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE